

**Camelot Rose***Rosa 'Camelot'*

Height: 5 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Sunlight: ○

Hardiness Zone: 4b

Group/Class: Hybrid Tea Rose

Description:

A lovely and hardy grandiflora in the memory of the Kennedy era, producing cupped, fully double, spicy fragrant coral pink flowers; leathery dark green leaves create a dramatic contrasting background; will benefit from good cultural practices

Ornamental Features

The Camelot Rose is blanketed in stunning fragrant coral-pink flowers at the ends of the branches from early spring to mid fall. The flowers are excellent for cutting. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The oval compound leaves turn yellow in fall.

Landscape Attributes

The Camelot Rose is a multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a high maintenance shrub that will require regular care and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Disease
- Spiny

The Camelot Rose is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use



Camelot Rose flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



If you haven't been to Oakland Nursery, you simply haven't been to a nursery!

PLANT FINDER

Planting & Growing

The Camelot Rose will grow to be about 5 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 3 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.